

Information Technology Policy

Virtual Private Network Standards

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| ITP Number ITP-SEC010 | Effective Date June 22, 2006 |
| Category Security | Supersedes None |
| Contact RA-ITCentral@pa.gov | Scheduled Review December 2020 |

1. Purpose

Provide guidance and standards to Commonwealth agencies to mitigate the risks associated with the transmission of sensitive information across networks when implementing Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) based on Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) or the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol.

2. Scope

This Information Technology Policy (ITP) applies to all departments, boards, commissions and councils under the Governor's jurisdiction. Agencies not under the Governor's jurisdiction are strongly encouraged to follow this ITP.

3. Policy

This ITP represents the minimum operational standards for network-based [Internet Security Protocol \(IPsec\)](#), [Virtual Private Network \(VPN\)](#) and [Transport Layer Security \(TLS\)](#) VPN configurations between trusted and untrusted networks. The use of a VPN connection will be required for any access to the Commonwealth network from outside of the United States. Access to Microsoft Office 365 services (including email) and other cloud-based Commonwealth services from outside of the United States shall require an approved VPN connection.

The following are VPN integrated models that allow an agency to securely connect remote users and systems:

Gateway-to-Gateway VPN minimum policy requirements

The [Gateway](#)-to-Gateway model protects communications between two specific networks, such as from one agency central office network to another, from an agency central office network to another internal agency branch office network, or between an agency's central offices to trusted business partners networks.

Network-to-network VPNs will use one of two methods: IPsec, which is password protected, or TLS, which provides encryption, authentication, and integrity verification of data by means of a digital certificate.

IPsec VPN shared passwords will comply with the requirements defined in ITP-SEC007 *Minimum Standards for IDs, Passwords, and Multi-Factor Authentication*.

TLS VPN certificates requirements:

- The minimum certificates can be signed is the SHA-2 signature algorithm but it is recommended to utilize the SHA-3 signature algorithm.
- No SSL versions are to be implemented on Commonwealth system.
- Systems shall be configured to support the latest TLS version referenced in ITP-SEC031 *Encryption Standards for Data in Transit*.

Host-to-Gateway VPN minimum policy requirements

This model protects communications between one or more individual [Hosts](#) and a specific network belonging to an agency. The host-to-gateway model is most often used to allow hosts on unsecured networks, such as traveling employees and telecommuters, to gain access to internal organizational services. Split-tunneling (which allows a VPN user to access a public network (e.g., the internet) and a second VPN connection or WAN at the same time, using the same or multiple physical network connections) is prohibited. Local Area Network (LAN) access to local resources (printers, file shares) while connected to VPN is permitted.

Multi-factor authentication as described in ITP-SEC014 – *Identity Protection and Access Management (IPAM) Architectural Standard – Identity Management Technology Standards* is to be utilized for a Host-to-Gateway VPN.

Agencies are to comply with product standards as described in this document and ITP-SEC031 - *Encryption Standards for Data in Transit*.

VPN Remote Access Multi-Factor requirements

Multi-factor authentication requires users to provide at least two proofs of their identity, which increases security for access to Commonwealth resources. It reduces the risk that business or personal information stored in administrative systems will be compromised. The following chart below identifies the minimum multi-factor authentication methods required for remote access to Commonwealth resources.

| Enterprise Systems | Access Method |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Current Telecom Service Provider Systems | Management console / Portal |
| Commonwealth Systems | Remote VPN connection |

| Enterprise Roles | Access Method |
|--|-----------------------|
| Enterprise CWOPA Active Directory administrators | Remote VPN connection |

VPN Remote Access Control endpoint checks:

VPN elements of an endpoint check will be enforced to check for current anti-virus software, internet browser, and operating system service pack levels before the remote user will be allowed access to the network.

The following are requirements related to all agency managed or enterprise remote access systems.

Desktop/Laptop Operating Systems, Internet Browsers, and Mobile Devices:

- Commonwealth-issued desktop or laptop operating systems that are categorized as Current and Contain status as documented in ITP-PLT017 *Desktop and Laptop Operating Systems Standards* are allowed remote access.
- Any Commonwealth-issued desktop or laptop operating system categorized as Retired or not listed in ITP-PLT017 are not allowed remote access.
- Internet browsers need to follow ITP-SFT006 *Internet Browser Policy* to be allowed for remote access. Attempts to remote access with non-compliance browsers will be

rejected.

- For non-Commonwealth electronic devices that have been approved for Commonwealth business and adhere to ITP-PLT012 *Use of Electronic Devices to Access IT Resources* are allowed remote access.
- Commonwealth-issued mobile devices that adhere to ITP-SEC035 *Mobile Device Security Policy* are allowed remote access.

Endpoint Security and Patches:

The following is a list of supported anti-virus applications for endpoint checks here:

<https://itcentral.pa.gov/Security/Pages/Services.aspx> (Protection/Endpoint) (CWOPA access only)

- Anti-virus definitions need to comply within a maximum of ten (10) definition file versions from the vendor's latest release.
- Desktop and laptop operating systems need to follow ITP-PLT017 *Desktop and Laptop Operating System Standards*.
- Internet browsers need to follow ITP-SFT006 *Internet Browser Policy*.

Client-side Cache Cleaner:

Cache Cleaner will only remove browser cache created during a user's VPN session. Browser cache previously created during non-VPN browser sessions will not be deleted.

- Prevents Internet Explorer from automatically filling in user credentials in web forms using cached values.
- Disables the "Save Password" prompt on Windows operating systems.
- Clears any passwords that Internet Explorer has cached on the user's system during the remote access session.

4. Standards

CURRENT

These technologies meet the requirements of the current architecture and are recommended for use.

| Technology | Platforms | Category | Technology Classification |
|---|---|----------|---------------------------|
| Current Telecom Service/Product Offerings | Current Telecom Service/Product Offerings | VPN | Current |

EMERGING/RESEARCH

These technologies have the potential to become current standards and are to be used only in pilot or test environments where they can be evaluated. Use of these technologies requires approval of a waiver request.

| Technology | Platforms | Category | Technology Classification |
|------------|-----------|----------|---------------------------|
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5. Related ITPs/Other References

Definitions of associated terms of this policy are published on the Office of Administration's public portal: <http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/Glossary.aspx>

Commonwealth policies, including Executive Orders, Management Directives, and IT Policies are published on the Office of Administration's public portal: <http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx>

- Management Directive 205.34 *Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Information Technology Acceptable Use Policy*
- ITP-PLT012 – *Use of Privately Owned PCs To Access CoPA Resources*
- ITP-PLT017 – *Desktop and Laptop Operating System Standards*
- ITP-SEC000 – *Information Security Policy*
- ITP-SEC007 - *Minimum Standards for IDs, Passwords, and Multi-Factor Authentication*
- ITP-SEC014 – *Identity Protection and Access Management (IPAM) Architectural Standard – Identity Management Technology Standards*
- ITP-SEC031 – *Encryption Standards for Data in Transit*
- ITP-SEC035 – *Mobile Device Security Policy*
- ITP-SFT006 – *Internet Browser Policy*
- NIST SP 800-46 Rev. 2 - *Guide to Enterprise Telework, Remote Access, and Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) Security*
- NIST SP 800-52 Rev. 1 - *Guidelines for the Selection, Configuration, and Use of Transport Layer Security (TLS) Implementations*
- NIST SP 800-77 - *Guide to IPsec VPNs*
- NIST SP 800-113 - *Guide to SSL VPNs*

6. Authority

Executive Order 2016-06 *Enterprise Information Technology Governance*

7. Publication Version Control

It is the user's responsibility to ensure they have the latest version of this publication, which appears on <https://itcentral.pa.gov> for Commonwealth personnel and on the Office of Administration public portal: <http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx>. Questions regarding this publication are to be directed to RA-ITCentral@pa.gov.

8. Exemption from This Policy

In the event an agency chooses to seek an exemption from the guidance within this IT policy, a request for a policy waiver is to be submitted via the enterprise IT policy waiver process. Refer to [ITP-BUS004 IT Waiver Review Process](#) for guidance.

This chart contains a history of this publication's revisions. Redline documents detail the revisions and are available to CWOPA users only.

| Version | Date | Purpose of Revision | Redline Link |
|----------|------------|---|--|
| Original | 06/22/2006 | Base Document | N/A |
| Revision | 08/01/2012 | Align to the changes in security under the current telecommunications contract. Differentiate between supported operating systems for Dial-Up connections and Broadband connections. Added grace period for host-checks. Clarified split-tunneling definition. Modified DAT file definition. | N/A |
| Revision | 12/05/2012 | Incorporated STD-SEC010A - Product Standards for Virtual Private Networks and clarifying language concerning two-factor authentication methods. | N/A |
| Revision | 12/05/2013 | ITP Refresh – converted ITB to ITP format | N/A |
| Revision | 03/17/2014 | Removed Windows XP from supported list of operating systems. Added Windows 8/8.1 to supported list of operating systems. | N/A |
| Revision | 03/31/2016 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added Definitions section • Removed Contain and Retire categories in Standards sections • Expanded Policy Section to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Network-to-network methods ○ IPsec VPN password requirements ○ TLS VPN certificate requirements ○ Added language to not use SSL and removed SSL references ○ Expanded endpoint check criteria language <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ added Internet Browser ▪ added Service Pack Levels ○ Updated vendor reference page URLs ○ Added Client-side Cache Cleaner language • Added references ITP-APP035, ITP-PLT017, ITP-SEC035 | N/A |
| Revision | 04/08/2018 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated ITP references • Removed Objectives section • VPN requirement for outside US to access Commonwealth cloud platforms • Moved Definitions to online Policy Glossary • Added link to Endpoint A/V applications list • Revised language throughout for clarity | N/A |
| Revision | 12/04/2019 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removed security token / digital certification information • Moved terms to online glossary and linked terms throughout | Revised IT Policy Redline <12/04/2019> |