

# Information Technology Policy

## *Policy and Procedures for Protecting Commonwealth Electronic Data*

<b>ITP Number</b> ITP-SEC019	<b>Effective Date</b> November 16, 2007
<b>Category</b> Security	<b>Supersedes</b> --
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### 1. Purpose

This Information Technology Policy (ITP) addresses the policies and procedures for the identification of, and safe transmittal, transport, storage, and overall protection of Commonwealth electronic data.

### 2. Scope

This ITP applies to all departments, boards, commissions and councils under the Governor's jurisdiction. Agencies not under the Governor's jurisdiction are strongly encouraged to follow this ITP.

These guidelines apply to environments supporting Commonwealth applications and data. Contractors and Contractor staff are responsible to understand and comply with this policy.

The policy is developed using the following guidelines:

- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-53 Rev4 (Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations).
- NIST SP 800-60 Rev1 (Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories).

### 3. Background

There are many forms of electronic records within the Commonwealth that require special treatment and/or heightened protections. These types of electronic records, known as closed or "C" Classification records, are defined below. Open records are defined by Management Directives: 205.36 Right-to-Know Law Compliance and 210.5 The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Records Management Program. Commonwealth employees and contractors shall identify the Classification of these electronic records and protect this information from improper disclosure based on the Classification of the records.

Categorization of data will follow the NIST SP 800-60 terminology leveraging the security impact levels for data types and information systems. This activity determines the level of security controls to be implemented from NIST SP 800-53.

### 4. Definitions

**4.1 Categorization** is the process of placing data into groups or types of data that are in some way similar to each other, based on characteristics of the data.

**4.2 Classification** is the process of assigning labels to data according to a predetermined set of principles, which define that data class based on the treatment and use of the data.

For example, both apples and tomatoes are fruit (categorization), but tomatoes are not typically added to fruit salad (classification).

**4.3 Commonwealth Enterprise Storage Solutions** are information technology services, applications, or programs procured, obtained, created, or license by the Office of Administration for the storage or maintenance of records, data, or other information controlled, maintained, or possessed by the Commonwealth and its agencies, departments, boards, commissions, or councils. Commonwealth Enterprise Storage Solutions include, but are not limited to, the suite of applications provided as part of Microsoft 365 (Outlook 365, OneDrive, SharePoint, etc.) and the PACS environment (Pennsylvania Compute Services).

## 5. Classification

### **“C” CLASSIFICATION RECORDS or CLOSED RECORDS**

The use of a “C” designation indicates that all or part of the record requires special treatment and/or heightened protections, including, but not limited to, as appropriate, non-disclosure to the public, non-disclosure to any person without a need to know, non-disclosure outside of certain workgroups, non-disclosure without certain prerequisites, etc.

Although a “C” designation usually equates to a “non-public record” designation under the Right to Know Law (65 P.S. Section 67.101, et seq.), the two designations are not the same. A record’s treatment under the Right to Know Law must be determined in consultation with an agency’s legal and Right-to-Know Law staff at the time of the Right to Know Law request.

Failure to classify records as “C” does not give rise to any presumption, implication, or indication that records are open or accessible to the public.

Only the originating agency may remove the “C” designation.

A “C” designation, and the more granular “class” within that designation, is a determination made by an agency head or designee. If another data designation or class is deemed necessary; justification shall be provided to OA for why a data element or group of data elements does not fit into the classes below.

Closed or “C” records shall be placed into one of the following Classifications:

- A. Sensitive Security Information.** This type of information may fall under another class, but it is placed in this one because of the significant consequences of potential disclosure, and the high degree of protection it requires. It is information maintained by an agency:
1. In connection with homeland security, national defense, military, law enforcement or other public safety activity the disclosure of which would be reasonably likely to jeopardize public safety or preparedness. Homeland Security information includes, but is not limited to, records designed to prevent, detect, respond to, and recover from acts of terrorism, major disasters and other emergencies, whether natural or manmade; emergency preparedness and response, including volunteer medical, police, emergency management and fire personnel; intelligence activities; critical infrastructure protection; border security; ground, aviation and maritime transportation security; bio-defense; detection of nuclear and radiological

materials; and research on next-generation security technologies; or the disclosure of which creates a reasonable likelihood of endangering the life or safety of a natural person or threatening public safety or the physical security of a building, resource, infrastructure facility or information storage system, including:

- i. documents or data relating to computer hardware, source files, software and system networks that could jeopardize computer security by exposing a vulnerability in preventing, protecting against, mitigating or responding to a terrorist act;
- ii. lists of critical infrastructure, key resources and significant special events, which are deemed critical due to their nature and which result from risk analysis, threat assessments, consequences assessments; vulnerability assessments; anti-terrorism protective measures and plans; counter-terrorism measures and plans; security and response needs assessments; and
- iii. building plans or infrastructure records that expose or create vulnerability through disclosure of the location, configuration or security of critical systems, including public utility critical systems, such as information technology, communication, electrical, structural, fire suppression, ventilation, water, wastewater, sewage and gas systems.

**B. Protected Information:** This is information that is subject to some degree of protection under any Pennsylvania or federal statute, law, order, or regulation. The degree of protection necessary will vary based on the law or order in question, and the potential consequences of disclosure. This information includes, but is not limited to:

1. Data elements as defined in the Breach of Personal Information Notification Act, Act of December 22, 2005, P.L. 474, No. 94, as amended, 73 P.S. §§ 2301-2329.
2. Information received from a federal or Commonwealth entity bound by specific - regulations, including, but not limited to the following sources:
  - i. Social Security Administration (SSA).
  - ii. Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
  - iii. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).
  - iv. Criminal Justice Agencies in accordance with the Criminal History Record Information Act (CHRIA).
  - v. Educational Institutions subject to the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).
  - vi. Entities subject to the Payment Card Industry (PCI) data security standards.
  - vii. Health care entities subject to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) or other data privacy or security law in the health care industry (including internal entities).
3. Third Party Data: Information associated with and specific to the Commonwealth's regulated entities, vendors, suppliers, business partners, contractors, and other third-party entities, including the trade secrets of third parties. The degree of protection necessary will vary based on the law or order in question, and the

potential consequences of disclosure.

4. Geographic Data: Information associated with addresses, locational information, or elements from a Geographic Information System (GIS).
5. Contract Data: Information associated with contract, award, and bidding activities related to procurement of supplies or services, at appropriate stages of procurement.

**C. Privileged Information:** This is information that is protected by a recognized privilege or doctrine, such as attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product doctrine, executive privilege or deliberative process privilege.

**D. Prerequisite-Required Information:** This includes the data that are not exempt or precluded from public disclosure under any Pennsylvania law or order (including the Right to Know itself), but that require certain protections to ensure that the prerequisites to disclosure are met. The degree of protection necessary will vary based on the record in question, and the potential consequences of disclosure. For example, this includes records that may be disclosed only after a form is signed, etc.

## 6. Policy

### a. Data Categorization and Classification

- i. Agencies shall categorize and classify all data.
  - Data categorization shall follow the NIST SP 800-60 Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories volumes 1 and 2.
  - Data classified as open records shall adhere to Management Directive 205.36 and 210.5.
  - "C" designated data shall be placed in one of the following classes: Sensitive Security, Protected, Privileged, Prerequisite-Required.
- ii. "C" designated electronic records (Sensitive Security, Protected, Privileged, or Prerequisite-Required Information) as defined above, shall be stored in an approved storage solution. Approved storage solutions include:
  - Commonwealth Enterprise Storage Solutions;
  - Agency On Premise Data Centers;
  - Commonwealth Data Centers; or
  - Other storage facilities approved in writing by the Agency Information Security Officer (ISO) or equivalent.
- iii. No "C" designated electronic records can leave an approved storage solution without prior electronic approval from the Agency ISO or equivalent. Additionally, all requests for information relating to "C" designated electronic records must be made in writing to the Agency ISO.
- iv. Encryption standards are outlined in the following ITP and shall be followed for any actions that specify encrypting data under the "C" classification.

ITP-SEC031 - *Encryption Standards*
- v. Encryption protection mechanisms are detailed in Section 7, Data Classification Tables, and shall be followed.

- vi. Systems that store, process, transmit or otherwise handle Sensitive Security, Protected, or Privileged Information are recommended to be protected with a Database Firewall (DBFW) to protect database-related systems or other compensating controls, matching the risk appetite of the authorizing official or data owner.
  - Agencies designing modernized and new database-related systems shall include DBFW configurations to meet DBFW data owner requirements and future requirements to ensure the highest level of required security controls.
- vii. Systems that store, process, transmit or otherwise handle Sensitive Security, Protected, or Privileged Information must be protected with a Web Application Firewall (WAF) to protect internet-accessible websites/services.
- viii. Systems that store, process, transmit or otherwise handle Prerequisite-Required Information may be protected with a Web Application Firewall (WAF) and/or Database Firewall (DBFW).

Agencies shall evaluate the impact of third-party WAF/DBFW agents on their computing resources prior to the deployment of the WAF/DBFW agents.

#### **b. Data Inventory**

- Each Commonwealth agency shall produce a data inventory for internal use and shall provide an appropriate inventory to any Commonwealth data-holding contractor for all the servers and/or application solutions in the contractor environment or under contractor control. (Refer to OPD-SEC019A – *Data Categorization and Inventory Operating Template*). OA/OIT/Enterprise Information Security Office (EISO) will assess Commonwealth agencies usage of OPD-SEC019A during the annual agency self-assessment (ITP-SEC023 – *Information Technology Security Assessment and Testing Policy*).
- The data inventory provides a list of Commonwealth applications and identifies data classes and sensitivity levels for the data present on each server (and desktops if applicable) and/or in any application solution. A data inventory allows the Commonwealth and/or the contractor to identify protection mechanisms for each server and/or application solution.
- Completing the data inventory will aid the Commonwealth and contractors in the following:
  - Identifying servers and/or application solutions with data that have stringent regulatory requirements (such as commingling requirements of Federal Tax Information (FTI)).
  - Increasing the speed of incident response procedures for breach notifications.
  - Cost saving through selective, strict protection of the highest sensitivity levels of data and not applying strict protections on lesser sensitivity levels.
  - Aiding in the identification of servers requiring special privileged user access.
- Using the OPD-SEC019A template, individuals with an intimate knowledge of data used by Commonwealth applications (legacy and open systems) shall identify the categories and classes of data and their respective sensitivity levels. The Commonwealth agencies shall perform an annual update of the data inventory, and at the following security events including, but not limited to:
  - a. Upon the commencement of the use/holding of the data.
  - b. Upon the initiation of the Commonwealth agency migration into contractor facilities or

into facilities under contractor control.

- c. New data elements introduced to the server or application solution.
- d. Repurposing of the server or application solution.
- e. Major upgrades to the IT system, application, or databases.
- f. Changes in regulations or policies regarding data elements present.
- g. Any significant change that affects or introduces "C" classified data

## 7. Data Classification Tables

The following data classification tables pertain to electronic records with a "C" classification and details the requirements for the various levels of protection determined by the various forms of data and transmission methods pertaining to:

- 1. Sensitive Security Information
- 2. Protected Information
- 3. Privileged Information
- 4. Prerequisite-Required Information
- 5. Open Records Information

### SENSITIVE SECURITY

Action	Requirement
Storage on Fixed Media	Encrypted
Storage on Exchangeable Media	Encrypted
Copying	Permission of Owner Required
Faxing	Transmitted over an encrypted link to a password-protected mailbox or, if sent to a public or multi-user fax machine, received (printed) using Attended Receipt
Sending by Public Network	Encrypted
* Disposal	Electronic data or media on which it is stored are to be sanitized or destroyed per <i>ITP-SEC015 Data Cleansing Policy</i> , subject to any applicable records retention requirements
Release to Third Parties	Owner Approval and Non-Disclosure Agreement
Electronic Media Labeling Required	External and Internal Labels
Internal and External email	Addressed to Specific Person but Label only on Inside
Packaging	Envelope
Granting Access Rights	Owner Only
Tracking distribution and lifecycle of electronic data	Logging of Recipients, Copies Made, Locations, Addresses, Those who Viewed, and Destruction
Web Application Firewall	Required (for Web Applications/Services)
Database Firewall	Recommended (for Database systems)

### PROTECTED

Action	Requirement
Storage on Fixed Media	Encrypted or Physical Access Control
Storage on Exchangeable Media	Encrypted
Copying	Permission of Owner Advised
Faxing	Transmitted over an encrypted link to a password-protected mailbox or, if sent to a public

	or multi-user fax machine, received (printed) using Attended Receipt
Sending by Public Network	Encrypted
* Disposal	Electronic data or media on which it is stored are to be sanitized or destroyed per <i>ITP-SEC015 Data Cleansing Policy</i> , subject to any applicable records retention requirements
Release to Third Parties	Owner Approval and Non-Disclosure Agreement
Electronic Media Labeling Required	External and Internal Labels
Internal and External email	Addressed to Specific Person but Label only on Inside
Granting Access Rights	Owner Only
Tracking distribution and lifecycle of electronic data	Not Required
Web Application Firewall	Required (for Web Applications/Services)
Database Firewall	Recommended (for Database systems)

### PRIVILEGED

Action	Requirement
Storage on Fixed Media	Encrypted
Storage on Exchangeable Media	Encrypted
Copying	Permission of Owner Required
Faxing	Transmitted over an encrypted link to a password-protected mailbox or, if sent to a public or multi-user fax machine, received (printed) using Attended Receipt
Sending by Public Network	Encrypted
* Disposal	Electronic data or media on which it is stored are to be sanitized or destroyed per <i>ITP-SEC015 Data Cleansing Policy</i> , subject to any applicable records retention requirements
Release to Third Parties	Owner Approval and Non-Disclosure Agreement
Electronic Media Labeling Required	External and Internal Labels
Internal and External email	Addressed to Specific Person but Label only on Inside
Granting Access Rights	Owner Only
Tracking distribution and lifecycle of electronic data	Logging of Recipients, Copies Made, Locations, Addresses, Those who Viewed, and Destruction
Web Application Firewall	Required (for Web Applications/Services)
Database Firewall	Recommended (for Database systems)

### PREREQUISITE-REQUIRED

Action	Requirement
Storage on Fixed Media	Encryption Optional
Storage on Exchangeable Media	Encrypted
Copying	No Restrictions
Faxing	No Restrictions
Sending by Public Network	Encrypted Optional
* Disposal	Electronic data or media on which it is stored are to be sanitized or destroyed per <i>ITP-SEC015 Data Cleansing Policy</i> , subject to any applicable records retention requirements

Release to Third Parties	Non-Disclosure Agreement
Electronic Media Labeling Required	No Label Required
Internal and External email	Addressed to Specific Person but Label only on Inside
Granting Access Rights	Local Manager
Tracking distribution and lifecycle of electronic data	Not Advised
Web Application Firewall	Optional (for Web Applications/Services)
Database Firewall	Optional (for Database systems)

## OPEN RECORDS

Action	Requirement
Storage on Fixed Media	Requestor format, Encryption Optional
Storage on Exchangeable Media	Requestor format, Encryption Optional
Copying	Permission of Owner Required, agency discretion
Faxing	Record of receipt of electronic request, or date stamp non-electronic written requests
Sending by Public Network	Requestor format, Encryption Optional
* Disposal	Electronic data or media on which it is stored are to be sanitized or destroyed per <i>ITP-SEC015 Data Cleansing Policy</i> , subject to any applicable records retention requirements
Release to Third Parties	Owner Approval and Agency Open Records Officer
Electronic Media Labeling Required	External and Internal Labels
Internal and External email	Addressed to Specific Person but Label only on Inside
Granting Access Rights	Owner Only
Tracking distribution and lifecycle of electronic data	Logging of Recipients, Copies Made, Locations, Addresses, Those who Viewed, and Destruction
Web Application Firewall	No restrictions
Database Firewall	No restrictions

## 7. Responsibilities

Agencies are required to perform the actions outlined in this policy.

## 8. Related ITPs/Other References

Commonwealth policies, including Executive Orders, Management Directives, and IT Policies are published on the Office of Administration's public portal:

<http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx>

- Management Directive 205.34 *Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Information Technology Acceptable Use Policy*
- Management Directive 205.36 *Right-to-Know Law Compliance*
- Management Directive 210.5 *The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Records Management Program*
- OPD-SEC019A – *Data Categorization and Inventory Operating Template*
- *Breach of Personal Information Notification Act*, Act of December 22, 2005, P.L. 474, No. 94, as amended, 73 P.S. §§ 2301-2329
- ITP-INFRM001 – *The Life Cycle of Records: General Policy Statement*
- ITP-SEC000 – *Information Security Policy*
- ITP-SEC015 - *Data Cleansing Policy*
- ITP-SEC023 – *Information Technology Security Assessment and Testing Policy*
- ITP-SEC025 - *Proper Use and Disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information (PII)*
- ITP-SEC031 - *Encryption Standards*

- NIST SP 800-53 Rev4 - *Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations*
- NIST SP 800-60 Rev1 - *Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories*

## 9. Authority

Executive Order 2016-06, Enterprise Information Technology Governance

## 10. Exemption from This Policy

In the event an agency chooses to seek an exemption from the guidance within this ITP, a request for a policy waiver is to be submitted via the enterprise IT policy waiver process. Refer to [ITP-BUS004 IT Waiver Review Process](#) for guidance.

## 11. Publication Version Control

It is the [Authorized User's](#) responsibility to ensure they have the latest version of this publication, which appears on <https://itcentral.pa.gov> for Commonwealth personnel and on the Office of Administration public portal: <http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx>. Questions regarding this publication are to be directed to [RA-ITCentral@pa.gov](mailto:RA-ITCentral@pa.gov).

This chart contains a history of this publication's revisions:

Version	Date	Purpose of Revision	Redline link
Original	11/16/2007	Base Policy	
Revision	04/02/2014	ITP Reformat; Merged GEN-SEC019A into ITP	
Revision	08/20/2015	Expanded Scope Section Revised Background Section Clarified Sensitive Security Information "C" data category Expanded Protected Information "C" data category language Added Privileged Information "C" data category (including within Reference Guide Section) Replaced Exempt Information, replaced with Prerequisite-Required Information "C" data category Expanded the Policy Section Added Data Inventory sub section Expanded Related ITPs/Other References Section Added OPD-SEC019A (Data Categorization and Inventory Operating Template) supporting document	
Revision	05/25/2018	Added Web Application Firewall and Database Firewall language in Policy section Added Web Application Firewall and Database Firewall in Data Classification Tables Added Encryption requirement for Prerequisite-Required data	

Revision	9/9/2020	Distinguished between categorization and classification Expanded related ITPs/Other references to include Management Directives for open records Added table for open records	<a href="#">Revised IT Policy Redline &lt;09/9/2020&gt;</a>
Revision	12/17/2020	Included language under "C" designated electronic records to include storage solutions. Changed approval from Commonwealth Chief Information Security Officer to Agency Information Security Officer. Added Commonwealth Enterprise Storage Solution definition	<a href="#">Revised IT Policy Redline &lt;12/17/2020&gt;</a>