

Information Technology Policy Encryption Standards

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Category Security

Contact

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Supersedes None

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1. Purpose

This Information Technology Policy (ITP) establishes standards for the encryption of Commonwealth data while in transit and at rest.

2. Scope

This ITP applies to all offices, departments, boards, commissions, and councils under the Governor's jurisdiction and any other entity connecting to the Commonwealth Network (hereinafter referred to as "agencies").

Third-party vendors, licensors, contractors, or suppliers shall meet the policy requirements of this ITP as outlined in the Responsibilities section.

3. Policy

3.1 Data in Transit

Encryption of <u>Data In Transit</u> is an effective data protection measure to protect data that is in motion. Encryption shall be used to protect the transmission of Class "C" Classified Records or Closed Records as defined in <u>ITP-INF015, Policy & Procedures</u> for Identifying, Classifying, and Categorizing Commonwealth Electronic Data and <u>ITP-SEC019, Policies and Procedures for Protecting Commonwealth Electronic Data</u>.

The following criteria should be considered when encrypting Data In Transit:

 Data Classification - Refer to <u>ITP-INF015, Policy and Procedures for Identifying,</u> <u>Classifying, and Categorizing Commonwealth Electronic Data</u>, to correctly identify the categorization and classification of Commonwealth data. Agencies shall ensure Personally Identifiable Information (PII) has been properly identified and classified and is encrypted during transit in accordance with all applicable laws and Commonwealth policies. • Data Compliance – Legal requirements such as, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (GLBA), and any other law or regulation that involves data that is subject to protection by statute or regulation.

The Commonwealth Metropolitan Area Network (MAN) should not be considered a trusted mode of transit (i.e., zero trust network) and all data traffic through the MAN and Commonwealth agency networks should be considered untrusted unless additional interagency traffic encryption is established and maintained. Agencies shall comply with all IT policy guidance to properly secure all Commonwealth Data In Transit.

Use of Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) for symmetric encryption is required. Use of Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman encryption (ECDHE), Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA), or Rivest-Shamir-Adelman (RSA) for asymmetric encryption is required.

Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) gateway to gateway implementations utilizing triple data encryption standard (3DES) shall be migrated to IPSec/AES to take advantage of increased security; 3DES is prohibited for new IPSec implementations.

Any application protocols (e.g., HTTP, file transfer protocol [ftp], secure copy [SCP]) tunneled in an encryption mechanism or combination of encryption mechanisms utilizing approved symmetric or asymmetric encryption algorithms as detailed in *STD-SEC031A*, *Encryption Configurations and Product Standards for Commonwealth Data* are permitted.

Use of 256-bit key sizes and hashing algorithms that utilize 160-bit (or greater) digest lengths are strongly recommended. Agencies are encouraged to use larger key/digest sizes where performance and client capabilities allow.

For an approved list of ciphers, protocols, and signing criteria related to VPN configurations, refer to *STD-SEC031A*, *Encryption Configurations and Product Standards for Commonwealth Data*.

To ensure the protection of sensitive information, Agencies shall conform to the <u>NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP)</u> for encryption products and solutions.

As currently designed, neither Microsoft Team Foundation Server nor Azure DevOps satisfies the current CMVP Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 implementation guidance. Agencies utilizing either Microsoft Team Foundation Server or Azure DevOps are not required to submit policy waivers against this policy to utilize these solutions for testing environments so long as no Class "C" or Closed Records are maintained, stored, or transmitted within the solutions.

3.2 Data at Rest

Encryption shall be used to protect Class "C" or Closed Records at rest as defined by <u>ITP-INF015, Policy and Procedures for Identifying, Classifying, and Categorizing</u> <u>Commonwealth Electronic Data</u> and as outlined in ITP-SEC019, Policy and Procedures for Protection Commonwealth Electronic Data. Encryption of <u>Data At</u> <u>Rest</u> is an effective data protection measure to protect inactive data.

To ensure the highest level of security and overall effectiveness of encryption,

approved mobile and approved portable devices shall utilize encryption and shall not be placed in suspend mode when unattended. When not in use or unattended, such devices shall be shut down completely.

Agencies shall utilize the following types of encryptions for Data At Rest:

- Full Disk Encryption
- Volume Level Encryption
- File Encryption
- Data Element Encryption

3.2.1 Full Disk Encryption

<u>Full Disk Encryption</u> shall be used on computers or computing devices storing Class "C" or Closed Records located in areas not equipped with public access restrictions and physical security controls such as locked doors.

Full Disk Encryption shall be used for archiving or backing up Class "C" or Closed Records to tape or optical media. Software or hardware mechanisms can be used, provided they conform to Commonwealth standards. If no conforming mechanisms are available, <u>File Encryption</u> techniques may be used to encrypt the data at the file level before it is written to tape or optical media.

Non-encrypted flash drives may be procured from the peripheral contract(s) only in cases where these devices will not store any Class "C" or Closed Records as defined in <u>ITP-INF015, Policy and Procedures for Identifying,</u> <u>Classifying, and Categorizing Commonwealth Electronic Data</u>.

3.2.2 Volume Level Encryption

In cases where the volume contains Class "C" or Closed Records that are not encrypted by some other means of File or <u>Data Element Encryption</u>, <u>Volume</u> <u>Level Encryption</u> shall be used.

All volumes on mobile or portable devices shall use at least Volume Level Encryption.

3.2.3 File Encryption

File Encryption shall be used when files containing Class "C" or Closed Records are transferred on physical media, through email, or across networks, without other forms of encryption or protection.

3.2.4 Data Element Encryption

Data Element Encryption shall be used when Class "C" or Closed Records are stored in accordance with <u>ITP-SEC019</u>, <u>Policy and Procedures for Protecting</u> <u>Commonwealth Electronic Data</u>. Physical security of a data storage device is not a substitute for Data Element Encryption, as it does not prevent accessing data through exploited application vulnerabilities. Likewise, Data Element Encryption should be designed such that exploited access does not provide unencrypted access to Class "C" or Closed Records.

4. Responsibilities

4.1 Agencies shall:

Comply with the requirements as outlined in this ITP and the technology and product standards in *STD-SEC031A*, *Encryption Configurations and Product Standards for Commonwealth Data* (Commonwealth Authorized Access Only).

4.2 Office of Administration, Office for Information Technology shall: Comply with the requirements as outlined in this ITP.

4.3 Third-party vendors, licensors, contractors, or suppliers shall:

- Ensure protection of Commonwealth data that is stored within contractor systems.
- Ensure Commonwealth Class "C" or Closed Records are encrypted during transit and rest per ITP-SEC031, ITP-SEC019 and the NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program.
- Ensure use of Full Disk Encryption for archiving and backup of Class "C" or Closed Records.
- Ensure non-Windows environments requiring Full Disk Encryption, use Full Disk Encryption that conforms to this ITP, AES specifications, and the NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program.
- Ensure use of data element encryption when Class "C" or Closed Records data elements are stored within a database. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) or other database specific methods can be utilized to meet this requirement.
- Ensure for systems or data containing Criminal Justice Information, Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Policy requirements are met.
- Ensure for systems receiving, processing, or storing Federal Tax Information (FTI), IRS Publication 1075 requirements must be met.

5. Related ITPs/Other References

- Definitions of associated terms of this policy are published on the Office of Administration's public portal: http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/Glossary.aspx
- Commonwealth policies, including Executive Orders, Management Directives, and IT Policies are published on the Office of Administration's public portal: http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx
- Management Directive 205.34 Amended, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Information Technology Acceptable Use Policy
- STD-SEC031A, Encryption Configurations and Product Standards for Commonwealth Data
- <u>ITP-INF015, Policy and Procedures for Identifying, Classifying, and Categorizing</u> <u>Commonwealth Electronic Data</u>
- ITP-PRV001, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Electronic Information Privacy Policy
- ITP-SEC000, Information Security Policy
- <u>ITP-SEC010, Virtual Private Networks</u>

- ITP-SEC019, Policy and Procedures for Protecting Commonwealth Electronic Data
- ITP-SFT005, Managed File Transfer (MFT)
- ITP-PLT017, Desktop and Laptop Operating Systems Standards
- ITP-PLT005, Server Operating System Policy
- NIST Cryptographic <u>Module</u> Validation Program
- <u>NIST 800-77 Rev 1 Guide to IPSec VPNs</u>
- <u>CJIS Security Policy</u>
- IRS Publication 1075

6. Authority

Executive Order 2016-06, Enterprise Information Technology Governance

7. Publication Version Control

It is the <u>Authorized User</u>'s responsibility to ensure they have the latest version of this publication, which appears on <u>https://itcentral.pa.gov</u> for Commonwealth personnel and on the Office of Administration public portal: <u>http://www.oa.pa.gov/Policies/Pages/default.aspx</u>. Questions regarding this publication shall be directed to <u>RA-ITCentral@pa.gov</u>.

8. Exemption from this Policy

In the event an agency chooses to seek an exemption from the guidance within this ITP, a request for a policy waiver shall be submitted via the enterprise IT policy waiver process. Refer to <u>ITP-BUS004</u>, <u>IT Policy Waiver Review Process</u> for guidance.

This chart contains a history of this publication's revisions. Redline documents detail the revisions and are available to CWOPA users only.

Version	Date	Purpose of Revision	Redline Link
Original	08/17/2009	Base Policy	N/A
Revision	09/17/2009	Rewrote policy section and added transmission mechanism table	N/A
Revision	04/02/2014	ITP Reformat	N/A
Revision	08/17/2015	Revised Data sensitivity classification categories language regarding SEC019	N/A
Revision	12/09/2016	Revised Transmission Mechanism Examples table with updated encryption protocol requirements Added Exemption section Added ITP-SEC000 reference Revised NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program URL Added Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) language	N/A
Revision	10/24/2017	Added statement on "untrusted network" of Commonwealth MAN and agency networks in Policy section Added additional references	N/A

Version	Date	Purpose of Revision	Redline Link
		Moved language from Purpose to Policy section for clarity	
Revision	07/22/2018	Added TLS 1.1 to Contain, 1.2 and 1.3 are preferred SSL/TLS 1.0 and lower no longer acceptable encryption protocol Revised table for clarity	N/A
Revision	12/04/2020	Combined ITP-SEC020 Encryption Standard for Data at Rest with ITP-SEC031. SEC020 was added to this policy as Section 4.2 under Policy. Added Definition section	N/A
Revision	06/22/2021	Added disclaimer regarding TLS 1.3 Updated Scope Updated Related ITPs Section Updated Transmission Mechanism Table Header Language cleaned up throughout policy to be inclusive of third- party vendors	N/A
Revision	08/18/22	ITP Refresh Replaced definitions with links to glossary Added policy language for asymmetrical encryption. Added third party vendor requirements under Responsibilities section from OPD-SEC000B. Updated Reference section and links. Removed table from Data in Transit section and moved to STD- SEC031A. Links not maintained by Commonwealth updated to homepages rather than direct links per Legal Direction.	N/A
Revision	03/14/23	Policy language added to allow exception for Microsoft Teams Foundation Server and Azure DevOps in testing environment.	N/A
Revision	04/26/23	 Scope updated consistent with other Security ITPs. References added to ITP-INF015 where appropriate. Under Data in Transit additional language added regarding PII during transit Added reference to STD-SEC031A 	N/A
Revision	09/25/23	 Statement added directing to supporting document for VPN configurations. Policy language reference added to ITP-INF015 Language for encryption of mobile and portable devices clarified to align with policy requirement. Added bullet points listing the types of approved encryption for data at rest. Updated use of term Class "C" or Closed Records. Added reference to ITP-SEC010 under Related ITPs/Other References Added new policy language reference to STD-SEC031A for ciphers, protocols and key exchange mechanisms. 	Revised IT Policy Redline <09/25/2023>